TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE



FISCAL NOTE

SB 3166 - HB 3322

February 19, 2010

SUMMARY OF BILL: Requires health insurance plans to provide benefits and coverage for a patient's out-of-pocket costs related to orally administered chemotherapy at the same level as coverage provided for intravenously administered or injected chemotherapy. Prohibits an insurer from increasing the patient's out-of-pocket costs for intravenously administered or injected chemotherapy agents to achieve compliance.

ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT:

Increase State Expenditures – \$17,500/One-Time \$28,300/Recurring

Increase Local Expenditures – Not Significant

Increase Federal Expenditures - \$17,500/One-Time \$54,600/Recurring

Potential Impact on Health Insurance Premiums (required by Tenn. Code Ann. § 3-2-111): Such legislation would result in a not significant increase in the cost of health insurance premiums for plans that will make revisions to a patient's out-of-pocket expenses for chemotherapy within the provisions of the proposed legislation.

Assumptions:

- Currently, the TennCare program receives a co-pay of \$3 for orally administered chemotherapy drugs.
- In December 2009, there were approximately 2,300 prescriptions for this class of drugs filled for TennCare enrollees resulting in approximately \$6,900 in co-pay revenue.
- Prohibiting the program from charging this co-pay is estimated to result in a decrease in state revenue of \$82,800 per year (\$6,900 x 12).
- The loss of co-pay funds will be covered by the TennCare program resulting in an increase in expenditures of \$82,800.
- Of the \$82,800, \$28,334 would be state revenue at a rate of 34.22 percent and \$54,466 would be federal revenue at a match rate of 65.78 percent.

- TennCare will need to make modifications to the Medicaid Management Information System resulting in a one-time increase of \$35,000. Of this amount, \$17,500 will be state funds and \$17,500 will be federal funds at a match rate of 50 percent.
- According to the Department of Finance and Administration, the third-party administrators of the State, Local Education, and Local Government Plans provide coverage for orally administered chemotherapy. Two of the administrators provide these benefits in essentially the same manner as intravenously administered drugs.
- The third administrator provides oral applications benefits as a pharmacy benefit and the intravenous application as a medical benefit. It is assumed that only minor changes would be necessary and would not result in a significant impact on plan costs.
- Any local governments that offer health care insurance that is not part of the state sponsored health plan, may incur an impact to plan costs if this mandate impacts the plan that is offered. It is assumed that only minor changes would be necessary and would not result in a significant impact on plan costs.
- According to the Department of Finance and Administration, the provisions of the bill will not apply to the Cover Tennessee programs.
- The Department of Commerce and Insurance may receive revised forms and rates from some health insurance plans. Any cost is estimated to be not significant and can be accommodated within existing resources without an increased appropriation or reduced reversion.

CERTIFICATION:

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

James W. White, Executive Director

/kml